

# Advocating for Greater Health Access for the LGBTQIA+ Community

Medical Students from LC 15, UCCOM Class of 2027 In partnership with Equitas Health



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## **Health Access**



Health access is the **ability** to obtain healthcare services such as

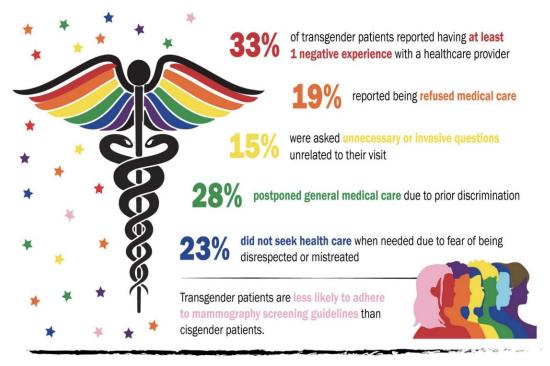
- Prevention
- Diagnosis
- Treatment
- Management of diseases, illness, disorders, and other health-impacting conditions.

For healthcare to be accessible it must be affordable and convenient.

1. University of Missouri. Health care access. medicine.missouri.edu. Published 2020. https://medicine.missouri.edu/centers-institutes-labs/health-ethics/fag/health-care-access



# Data Analysis and Community Impact



20-40%

of oncology providers feel **comfortable and confident** addressing the unique health needs of LGBTOIA+ patients with cancer

but

70-80%

are interested in further education







# **Data Analysis and Community Impact**



1 in 3 patients could not seek care due to affordability

I in 3 patients have experienced verbal harassment or refusal of care

l in 4 patients have avoided healthcare settings for fear of mistreatment

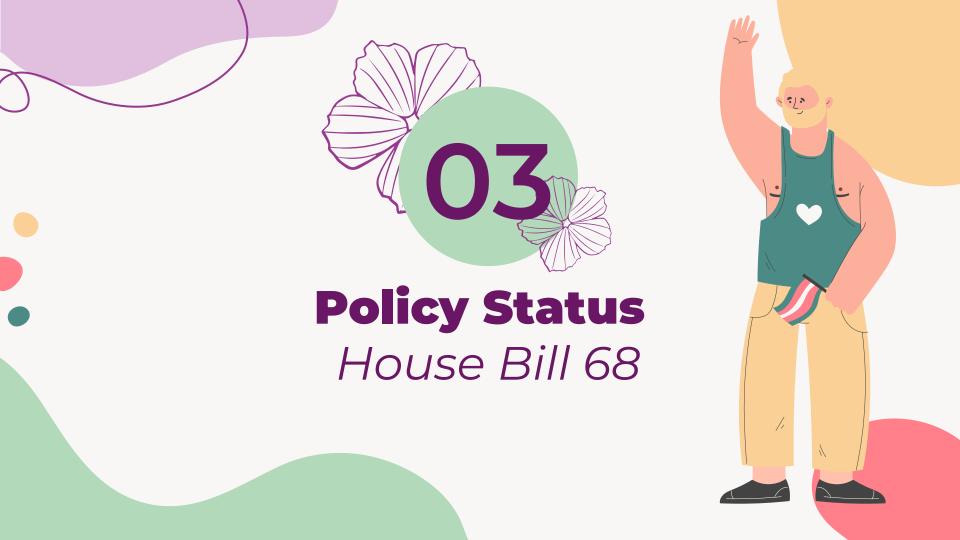
It is critical to:

Bridge the gaps in knowledge to optimize care for trans patients
Collect more recent data to assess

efficacy of policy interventions, grassroots or otherwise

Need to ensure trans patients feel heard





## **Ohio House Bill 68**

Date Enacted: April 2024

#### **Policy Objectives**

- <u>Primary goal:</u> Prohibiting providers from prescribing hormones, puberty blockers, and gender-affirming surgery to trans minors
- <u>Secondary goal:</u> Prohibiting assigned male at birth athletes from competing in women's sports





# Gender Affirming Care in Ohio Today

- Gender affirming care for minors is now illegal due to House Bill 68
  - Opposed by Cincinnati Children's and many other medical centers
  - Includes hormones, surgery, and even some mental health services
- No bans on gender affirming care for adults but governor Dewine has talked about plans to make care more difficult to receive

# **Policy Status in Cincinnati**

- Cincinnati City Council has declared the city a "sanctuary city" for gender affirming care
  - Support for people receiving care
  - Support for providers giving care
  - Requires city healthcare plans to have access to gender-affirming care



# **Rationale for Policy**

- Ohio's largest classifications inst HB 68:
  - "The care that is provided is ethical and follows the latest evidence and standards of care in the field, including those from mainstream professional societies such as the AAP, the AACAP, and the Endocrine Society." - Dr. David Axelson, Nationwide Children's
  - "Please don't make us turn away those who are at highest risk, causing children in severe distress to wait before they can access mental health care." - Dr. Stephen Davis, Cincinnati Children's
- According to 2022 US Trans Survey (USTS), Ohio is among the top 10 states that respondents reported leaving because of state laws targeting transgender people for unequal treatment



# **Advocacy Strategies**



#### Storyteller Bureau

Patient advocates at Equitas clinics connect patients to advocacy opportunities



Volunteers can educate the community on trans-related issues on ballots





#### **Family Days**

Families can share their stories and the importance of gender affirming care at the state house or at city council



Connecting with local hospital systems and creating strategies for care if legislation changes





#### Religious Organization Outreach

Open discussion with local religious groups as they are the major proponents for HB

### **Collect Signatures**

For a ballot issue to vote on in the next election



# Thank you!

Any questions?

